```
P19 ×
P20
もんだい
問題9
(1)
<sub>ちゅう</sub>
(注1)
正五角形 = equilateral pentagon /
五つ の \dot{\tilde{\omega}} の 長さ = the length of five straight sides /
が <subject particle> /
等しい = equal, same, identical; able, capable /
五角形 = pentagon /
the pentagon whose lengths of five straight sides are equal
(注2)
た。
花弁 = 花びら = petal
以前、= ago, before, previously /
花見を して いる 時に = when (X) am seeing the cherry blossoms, when (X) was seeing the
cherry blossoms /
桜の花 = cherry blossoms /
は <topic particle>/
本当に = really, truly /
きれい な 正五角形だ = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of きれい な 正五角形です = (X) is an
equilateral pentagon. /
ね <confirmation particle>/
と <quotation particle>/
言ったら、= if (X) say, when (X) say (said), after (X) say (said) /
風情 の ない 人 だ = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 風情 の ない 人です = You don't know
how to appreciate a tasteful thing
風情 = appearance, air, taste, elegance, entertainment, hospitality
風情の ある = tasteful, tasty, exhibiting good taste /
と <quotation particle>/
```

笑われた = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 笑われます (be laughed (by a person)) which is the passive-verb of 笑います g1 (laugh, smile) /

ことが あった。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of ことが ありました = had ever done $\sim //$

When I said, 'The shape of a cherry blossom is really a beautiful equilateral pentagon' when I was seeing the cherry blossoms, I had ever laughed by my friends before. They said that I didn't know how to appreciate a tasteful thing.

```
たしかに = surely, certainly, definitely, confidently / さくら はな の 花びら = petals of cherry blossoms / に / は <topic particle> / できょう いるを い = subtle hue (tinge, tint) / や = etc / がだ。 = shape / そして、 = and / 着り = aroma, fragrance, scent, smell / に 加えて、 = in addition to ~ N2 No.63 / も りゆく = 散ります g1 = fall, scatter ~ / 美しさ = beauty / が <subject particle> ある。 = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of あります g1 = there is ~, have ~ //
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Surely, petals of cherry blossoms have a subtle hue, shape, sent and, in addition, they have a beauty of falling.

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花
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を <direct-object particle>

薆でる = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 薆でます g2 = love, admire /

俳句 や 和歌 = haiku poetry (17-syllable poem usually in 3 lines of 5, 7 and 5 syllables), 31

syllable poem, etc /

は <topic particle>/

数限りない = unlimited, infinite, limitless, boundless, unrestricted /

が、= but, /

その なか = inside that /

に <existence particle>/

```
「正五角形」という 言葉 = the word which is 'equilateral pentagon'
が <subject particle> /
使われた こと は おそらく 一度も ない = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 使われた ことは
おそらく 一度も ありません = Perhaps (X) has never been used before
であろう。= is more formal than だろう which is the plain-style of でしょう = 1. Probably .....
2. ...., right? //
There are the countless number of WAKA and HAIKU who admire and love flowers (cherry
blossoms), but among there poems, probably the word which is 'an equilateral pentagon' will
have never been used before.
科学者 = scientist /
特有 = characteristic (of), peculiar (to) /
美意識 = sense of beauty, aesthetic sense /
→ 科学者特有の美意識 = the sense of beauty which is peculiar to a scientist
は <topic particle> /
ಷ್ರಶ್ಮಿತ = elegance, taste, refinement, dignity, distinction /
لح
は <topic particle> /
かなり = considerably, fairly, quite, very /
異質なものなのだ = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 異質なものなのです = (X) is the
thing which is different (from \sim)
異質 = heterogeneous /
≥ <quotation particle>/
悟った。= <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 悟ります g1 (attain enlightenment, perceive,
understand, discern)
I perceived that the sense of beauty which is peculiar to a scientist was quite different from
'elegant, tasteful, refined'.
ས鹋ཚང
科学 において = in the field of science   N2 No.3 /
本質 以外 = except for essence (true nature, reality)
を <direct-object particle> /
切り捨てる ために = in order to truncate (cut down, omit, discard, slav, cast away) /
```

```
は <topic particle>
* 切り捨てます q2 = truncate, cut down, omit, discard, slav, cast away
大胆な = adventurous, bold, daring /
= 抽象 化 = abstraction /
and /
<sup>りそうか</sup>
理想化 = idealization
が <subject particle> /
必要である。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 必要であります = (X) is necessary //
Adventurous abstraction and idealization are necessary in order to discard the things except for
essence in the field of science.
さくら の 花びら の たくさん の 特徴 の 中から = from many characteristics (features) of
petals of cherry blossoms /
 「正五角形」という 形 = the shape which is 'an equilateral pentagon'
だけ = only /
を <direct-object particle> /
取り出す こと = to take out (pick out), taking out (picking out)
*取り出します g1 = take out, pick out
To take only the shape which is 'an equilateral pentagon' out from many characteristics
(features) of petals of cherry blossoms.
-----
これ = this /
が <subject particle> /
 mpplus が
抽象 化である。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 抽象化であります = (X) is abstraction. /
This is abstraction.
実際に = in fact, actually; virtually, practically, in practice, currently, presently /
数学的な 意味で = in mathematical meaning /
完全 な 正五角形 = perfect true equilateral pentagon /
を <direct-object particle> /
点  =  claim-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 示します g1 = denote, show, point out, indicate /
```

花びら = petal /

```
→ the petal which shows a perfect equilateral pentagon in mathematical meaning
は <topic particle> /
少ない = few, little, not many, some /
だろう = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of でしょう = 1 Probably ....., 2 ......., right? /
が = but. /
そこ = that place, there /
に /
は <topic particle>/
あまり = (not) so, (not) really, (not) much /
こだわらない。 = <plain-style-nonpast-negative> of こだわります g1 (fuss over, be particular
about, be concerned about) //
Probably there will not be many petals which show a perfect equilateral pentagon in
mathematical meaning in fact, but I don't stick to that point.
これ = this
が <subject particle> /
理想心である。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 理想化であります = (X) is idealization. /
This is realization.
自然界 = nature, the natural world, realm of nature /
で <particle which shows the place where the action takes place.>/
正五角形 の よう な 対称 性 = symmetry (exact correspondence between parts on either side of
a central line) like an equilateral pentagon /
を <direct-object particle> /
デすために = in order to donate (show, point out, indicate)
* 示します g1 = denote, show, point out, indicate /
は <topic particle>/
\mathring{\mathcal{U}} \overset{\cdot}{\mathcal{U}} = necessarily, certainly, without fail, positively, invariably /
まそくてき はっそく
規則的 な 法則 = systematic (methodical; regular, occurring at fixed intervals; routine) law
(rule) /
が <subject particle> /
はずである。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of はずであります that is more formal than は
ずです = I am sure that \sim, be supposed to \sim, should \sim //
```

In order to show the symmetry such as an equilateral pentagon in the natural world, there should be the systematic rule without fail.

```
花の場合、 = in the case of flowers /
品種 によって = depending on a kind, according to a kind N2 No.13D /
\overset{\circ}{\text{T}}\overset{\circ}{\text{T}}\overset{\circ}{\text{T}} = petal /
ייירער אייריל 
が <subject particle> /
ゅったし
遺伝子で = by means of genes /
決定されて いる こと = the fact that (X) is decided /
は <topic particle> /
間違いない = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 間違いありません = I have no doubt that \sim, it
is certain that \sim N2 No.103 No.104 /
から、= because \sim /
うまく = 上手く= nicely, well, okay; successfully; ably, proficiently 旨く = skillfully, ably,
knowingly, masterly, like an expert, well, cleverly, aptly; deliciously /
この 遺伝子 = this gene /
を <direct-object particle> /
突きとめられれば、= if (X) can determine (esp. a culprit or underlying cause) (pin down, make
sure, locate, identify, find out, ascertain) *potential-verb + conditional-form / if (X) is determined
(is pinned down, is made sure, is located, is identified, is found out, is ascertained) *passive-
verb + conditional-form
* 突きとめます g2 = determine (esp. a culprit or underlying cause), pin down, make sure,
locate, identify, find out, ascertain /
花の n = the shape of flowers /
を <direct-object particle> /
決める = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 決めます g2 = decide, rule, resolve, conclude,
make a decision /
普遍的 な 法則 = universal (general, worldwide, comprehensive) law (rule) /
→ the universal law which decides the shape of flowers /
が <subject particle> /
見つかる = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 見つかります g1 = be discovered, be found/
に違いない。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of に違いありません = I have no doubt that
\sim, it is certain that \sim N2 No.104 /
```

If we can identify this gene successfully, it is certain that the universal law which decides the shape of flowers is discovered. このように、= in this way, 抽象 化と理想化によって=by means of abstraction and realization N2 No.13C / ਹਿਦਾ ਨੇ ਸ਼ਿਨਹਫ਼ਤ 自然 現象 = natural phenomena / は <topic particle> / 単純に = simply / 整理でき = can arrange (can put in order, can dispose) and *masu-form + potential-verb of 整理します g2 (arrange, put in order, dispose) *Both te-form and masu-form can be used to join sentences, but masu-form one is more formal. 普遍的 な 送則 = universal (general, worldwide, comprehensive) law (rule) / を <direct-object particle> / 見つける = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 見つけます g2 = find out, discover, gain knowledge; locate, sight / 助けになる。<plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 助けになります。= (X) become a help (aid, rescue, assistance) // We can dispose natural phenomenons simply by abstraction and realization in this way, and it will help us to find the universal law. // さかい くによし 酒井 邦嘉? 「科学者 という 仕事」= the job which is 'a scientist' 中央 公論新社による = (published) by Chuu Ou Kou Ron Shin Shan // □49 筆者 = author, writer / は <topic particle> / じぶん 自分 = oneself / が <subject particle> / 笑われた = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 笑われます (be laughed, be smiled) which is the passive-verb of 笑います q1 (laugh, smile) /

原因 = cause, factor; origin, source

→ the cause which the speaker was laughed

```
どこ に ある = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of どこ に ありますか = where is (X)?, where
does (X) exist? /
と <quotation particle>/
考えているか。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 考えていますか。= Is (X) considering?,
Is (X) thinking over? //
According the author, what is the cause that he was laughed?
·
かがくしゃ
科学者 = scientist /
らしくない = be not like \sim, be unlike \sim, be not characteristic of \sim /
趣のある = zestful, tasteful, elegant
*趣 = meaning, gist, main point; knowledge, something that is known; taste, sense; atmosphere,
tone or mood of a place or thing /
表現で = by means of the expression /
さくら はな
桜の花 = cherry blossoms /
を <direct-object particle> /
褒めた = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 褒めます g2 (praise, admire, speak well) /
\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbb{R}} = spot, mark, point, dot; number of items identifier; score identifier; particular point identifier //
the point where he praised cherry blossoms with the elegant (tasteful) expression which is not
characteristic of a scientist to use 😓
the point where he praised cherry blossoms with the elegant (tasteful) expression which is
unlike a scientist to use 😓
2
自分 = oneself /
が <subject particle> /
を <direct-object particle> /
理解できて いなかった = <plain-style-past-negative> of 理解できて います (can understand
now, can comprehend, can realize, can grasp the meaning of) *potential-verb + te-fom います
*理解します = understand, comprehend, realize, grasp the meaning of /
点 = spot, mark, point, dot; number of items identifier; score identifier; particular point identifier //
```

the point where he couldn't comprehend the beauty of cherry blossoms

```
george (a cherry blossoms / で = cherry blossoms /
は <topic particle>/
自分 = oneself
が <subject particle>
並べた = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 述べま す g2 (describe, say, state, express, mention) /
形 = shape, form, figure, type /
→ the shape which the speaker described
を <direct-object particle> /
して いなかった = <plain-style-past-negative> of して います (be doing now) /
* Xは \sim (の) 形を して います = (X) have the shape of \sim
\stackrel{\sim}{\mathbb{R}} = spot, mark, point, dot; number of items identifier; score identifier; particular point identifier //
the point where cherry blossoms didn't have the shape as he described
・
<sub>すくら ララく</sub>
桜の美しさ = beauty of cherry blossoms /
を <direct-object particle> / かがくしゃてき してん
科学者的 な 視点 から = from a scientist-like point of view 😓 /
*科学者的 = scientist-like /
表現した = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 表現します g3 (express) /
点 = spot, mark, point, dot; number of items identifier; score identifier; particular point identifier //
the point where he expresses the beauty of cherry blossoms from a scientist-like point of view.
P21
□50
ZZ = here, this place /
で <particle which shows the place where the action takes place.>/
型想化とは = 理想化 というの は = the thing called 'realization' + は <topic particle> /
```

```
<sup>なに</sup>
何か。= <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 何ですか。= what is (X)? //
What does 'realization' mean in this passage?
・
さくら はな
桜の花 = cherry blossoms /
は <topic particle> /
どれも = any \sim, no matter which \sim /
正五角形である = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 正五角形であります = (X) is an
equilateral pentagon /
と <quotation particle> /
みなす こと = to consider as, to regard, considering as, regarding
*みなします g1 = consider as, regard //
to regard any cherry blossom as an equilateral pentagon
2
george ( a cherry blossoms /
に <existence particle>/
は <topic particle> /
其通する = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 共通します g3 = have ~ in common
とくちょう
特徴 = feature, characteristic /
が <subject particle> /
ある = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of あります g1 = have, there is /
と <quotation particle> /
みなす こと = to consider as, to regard, considering as, regarding
*みなします g1 = consider as, regard //
to consider that cherry blossoms have common characteristics
3
ざくら はな
桜の花 = cherry blossoms /
に <existence particle>/
は <topic particle> /
```

```
<sup>すうがくてき</sup> うつく
数学的な 美しさ = mathematical beauty
が <subject particle> /
ある = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of あります q1 = have, there is /
と <quotation particle> /
考える こと = to consider, to think over, considering, thinking over
*考えます g1 = consider, think over //
to consider that there is a mathematical beauty in a cheery blossom
4
ざくら はな
桜の花 = cherry blossoms /
は <topic particle> /
どの 花 より も = than any other flower /
ェルー かっけい しょか
正五角形に 近い = be close to an equilateral pentagon /
と <quotation particle>/
考える こと = to consider, to think over, considering, thinking over
*考えます g1 = consider, think over //
to consider that a cherry blossom is closer to an equilateral pentagon than any other flower
□51
でっしゃ かんが
筆者の 考え に よる と、= According to the author's thinking, N2 No.14
花の場合、 = in the case of a flower,
 mans of) abstraction and realization N2 No.13C 世線 化と 理想化によって = by (means of) abstraction and realization N2 No.13C
何 = what /
が <subject particle> /
期待される = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 期待されます = be expected *passive-verb
of 期待します g3 = expect, hope /
か。<question particle>//
According the author's thinking, in the case of a flower, what will be expected by abstraction and
realization?
```

```
花 = flower /
に <existence particle>/
は <topic particle> /
品種 = brand, kind; description /
を <direct-object particle> /
越えた = <plain-style-past-affirmative> of 越えます q2 (exceed, cross over, cross, pass through,
pass over (out of))
்ட்ட் = common feature, commonality, sharing of common features; shared characteristic) /
→ the common feature which cross over a kind
が <subject particle> /
ある こと = the fact that there is \sim, the fact that (X) have \sim
が <subject particle> /
前らかになること = that (X) become obvious (evident, clear, plain), becoming obvious
(evident, clear, plain)
*Here 'koto' is use to make a noun phrase (to change a verb to a noun).
* [the stem of i-adjective] くなります, [the stem of na-adjective / noun] になります = become
\sim, get \sim, turn \sim //
(It is expected) that the fact that there are the common features which cross over a kind in
flowers becomes clear. 😓
ュ
<sub>しぜんかい</sub>
自然界に = in the natural world
咲いて いる = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 咲いて います = be blooming now
*咲きます q1 = bloom /
花の 美しさ = beauty of flowers /
→ the beauty of flowers which are blooming in the natural world
ಷ್ಟ್ಗಳು
普遍性 = catholicity, universality /
が <subject particle> /
莧いだされる こと= that (X) is found out, that (X) is discovered
*Here 'koto' is use to make a noun phrase (to change a verb to a noun).
*見いだされる = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 見いだされます = be found out, be
discovered *passive-verb of 見いだします g1 = find out, discover //
```

the natural world. ばな かたち 花の 形 = a shape of a flower / が <subject particle> / どのように = in what way, how / 決まる = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 決まります g1 = be decided, be settled か <question particle> その 仕組み = that structure (construction, arrangement, contrivance, plan, plot, contrivance) / が <subject particle> / 解明される こと = that (X) is solved *Here 'koto' is use to make a noun phrase (to change a verb to a noun). *解明される = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 解明されます = be solved *passive-verb of 解明します q3 = solve, find a solution, find the answer to, explain, resolve // (It is expected) that how the shape of flowers is decided (that structure) is solved. T の 形 の 対称性 = symmetry of the shape of flowers / が <subject particle> / 遺伝子によるもの = the one which is by way of the genes N2 No.13B である こと = the fact that (X) is \sim *である = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of であります = is, are, am, etc / が <subject particle> / 証明される こと = that (X) is proved (is demonstrated, is attested, is certified) *Here 'koto' is use to make a noun phrase (to change a verb to a noun). *証明される = <plain-style-nonpast-affirmative> of 証明されます = be probed *passive-verb of 証明します g3 = prove, demonstrate, attest, certify // (It is expected) that the fact that the symmetry of the shape of flowers is cause by a gene is proved. ------ the end of page 21 -----

(It is expected) that the universality is discovered in the beauty of flowers which are blooming in